THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF PENNSYLVANIA

HOUSE BILL

No. 443 Session of 2007

INTRODUCED BY MAHONEY, KING, DePASQUALE, BARRAR, BASTIAN, CALTAGIRONE, CARROLL, CREIGHTON, DALLY, FREEMAN, GALLOWAY, GEORGE, GERGELY, GIBBONS, GOODMAN, HARHAI, HARKINS, HORNAMAN, JOSEPHS, KORTZ, KOTIK, KULA, MANDERINO, MARKOSEK, MCILHATTAN, MELIO, M. O'BRIEN, PALLONE, PETRARCA, READSHAW, ROAE, SAYLOR, SEIP, SIPTROTH, STABACK, TANGRETTI, WALKO, J. WHITE, YOUNGBLOOD, SOLOBAY, DALEY, LENTZ, HUTCHINSON, YUDICHAK, PYLE, R. STEVENSON, M. SMITH AND SWANGER, MARCH 13, 2007

Requiring certain records of the Commonwealth and its political

REFERRED TO COMMITTEE ON STATE GOVERNMENT, MARCH 13, 2007 AN ACT

subdivisions, authorities and agencies and other public 3 bodies to be open for examination, inspection and copying for denial or refusal of access under certain circumstances, for 56 final agency determinations, for appeals, for court costs and attorney fees, for penalties and for immunity; establishing 7 the Office of Access to Public Records and providing for its 8 powers and duties; and making a related repeal. 9 TABLE OF CONTENTS 10 Chapter 1. Preliminary Provisions Section 101. Short title. 11 Section 102. Declaration of policy. Section 103. Definitions. Section 104. Construction. Chapter 3. Access to Public Records
Section 301. Procedure for access to public records.
Section 302. Access generally.
Section 303. Exceptions. 15 18 Section 304. Denial based on intended use prohibited. Section 305. Redaction. Section 306. Commonwealth Office of Access to Public Records. 2 3 4 Section 307. Non-Commonwealth agency's response to written 5 requests for access. 67 Chapter 5. Office of Access to Public Records Section 501. Office of Access to Public Records. Office of Access to Public Records

Penalties, court costs and fees.

14 Section 705. Practice and procedure.

Section 703. Fee limitations.

Immunity.

Chapter 7. Administration and Enforcement

Implementation.

Section 502. Appeals.

Section 701.

Section 702.

Section 704.

1 of 18

8

9

10

11

```
15
    Section 706.
                  Commercial purposes.
    Section 707.
                  Damages recoverable by public agency for person's
17
                   misuse of public records.
18
    Section 708.
                  Agency to adopt rules and regulations.
19
   Section 709.
                  Access to personal record.
20
   Section 710.
                  Prohibition against destruction or damage of
21
                   records.
22
    Section 711.
                  Laws prohibiting the destruction of records.
23
   Section 712.
                  Replevin of public records unlawfully removed.
   Section 713. Authority not restricted.
   Section 714. Internet.
   Chapter 21. Miscellaneous Provisions Section 2101. Repeals.
27
28
   Section 2102. Effective date.
29
       The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania
   hereby enacts as follows:
20070H0443B0813
                                  - 2 -
                               CHAPTER 1
                         PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS
 3
    Section 101.
                  Short title.
 4
       This act shall be known and may be cited as the Open Access
 5
    Section 102. Declaration of policy.
 6
       (a) Findings. -- The General Assembly finds and declares as
 8
    follows:
 9
               Access to public records is vital to the
           (1)
10
       preservation and functioning of the democratic process. The
11
       public is entitled to know and be informed fully about the
       official business of public officials and public employees
12
13
       and the activities of government agencies. Access to
14
       information about the conduct and activities of public
15
       officials, public employees and government agencies is
16
       necessary to assist the public in understanding its
17
       government, monitoring its government and making informed
18
       judgments about how to exercise its political power.
19
                The public has a fundamental right of access to
20
       information on the appropriation, expenditure and investment
21
       of public money.
22
                Government agencies receive and maintain data,
23
       information and public records about persons in their
24
       commercial and private endeavors. It is important that access
25
       to public records be balanced against rights of privacy and
26
       confidentiality provided in law regarding personal data
27
       gathered by government agencies.
28
           (4) Technological advances have resulted in new ways to
29
       create, store and use public records. These advances should
30
       not hinder or restrict access to public records but should be
20070H0443B0813
       used to facilitate access to public records.
           (5) Providing access to public records is an essential
 3
       function of government agencies and an integral part of the
 4
       fundamental duties of public officials and public employees.
 5
       Rules regarding access to public records should be made
 6
       available to the public and should provide guidance to public
 7
       officials and public employees charged with the
 8
       responsibility of making public records accessible.
 9
           (6) Government agencies have a duty to preserve the
10
       physical integrity of public records but must do so in a
11
       manner that does not burden the right of the public to access
12
       those records.
13
                The free and unfettered flow of information between
           (7)
```

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

community colleges.

30 (8) An entity created pursuant to a statute or pursuant 20070H0443B0813 - 5 -

to the action of an agency for the purpose of performing a governmental function. For the purposes of this paragraph, "governmental function" shall be broadly defined to include any services or functions previously performed by any governmental entity or which are for the benefit of the public as a whole or some segment of the public.

(9) An entity contracted by an agency to perform a governmental function but only insofar as the entity's records regarding the contracted governmental function are concerned. With respect to records unrelated to the entity's performance of the governmental function, the entity shall not be an agency for the purposes of this chapter. For the

```
purposes of this paragraph, "governmental function" shall be
13
       broadly defined to include any services or functions
14
15
       previously performed by any governmental entity or which are
       for the benefit of the public as a whole or some segment of
16
17
       the public.
18
                Any entity or organization, board or body that
           (10)
19
       derives at least 25% of its funds from State or local public
20
21
           (11) Any committee of or created by any entity under
22
       paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) or (9),
23
       which is authorized to render advice to or take official
24
25
       action on behalf of any agency.
           (12) Every State or local court or judicial agency,
26
       including quasi-judicial boards and agencies.
27
           (13) Every school board and board of education.
           (14) Any body created by State or local authority in any
28
29
       branch of government.
30
           (15) Every State or local government officer.
20070H0443B0813
                                  - 6 -
    "Commonwealth agency." An agency which is a Commonwealth agency as that term is defined under 62 Pa.C.S. § 103 (relating
 3
    to definitions).
       "Custodian." The official custodian or any authorized person
 56
    having personal custody and control of the public records.
       "Mechanical processing." Any operation or other procedure
 7
    which is transacted on a machine or by some mechanical means.
 8
       "Media." The physical material in or on which records are
 9
    stored.
10
       "Non-Commonwealth agency." An agency which is not a
11
    Commonwealth agency.
       "OATR." The Commonwealth Office of Access to Public Records.
       "Office." The Office of Access to Public Records established
13
    in section 501.
15
       "Official custodian." The chief administrative officer or
   any other officer or employee of a public agency who is
   responsible for the maintenance, care and keeping of public
18
   records, regardless of whether the records are in the officer's
    actual custody and control.
       "Public record." All documents, papers, letters, maps,
20
21
    books, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, data
   processing software, database, data or other material,
23
   regardless of the physical form, characteristics or means of
    storage or transmission, made or received in connection with or
    relating to the work of an agency, except those documents exempt
   or prohibited from disclosure under Federal or State law. The
27
   term does not include those items that are clearly personal in
    nature and unrelated to the spending of public funds or the
   duties imposed upon the agency.

"Requester." A person who requests a record pursuant to this
29
30
20070H0443B0813
                                  - 7 -
    act. The term includes a natural person, Commonwealth agency,
    non-Commonwealth agency, corporation, unincorporated
    association, partnership, limited liability company, business
    trust and any other enterprise.
 5
       "Response." Access to a record or an agency's written notice
   granting, denying or partially granting and partially denying
 6
    access to a record.
 8
       "Software." The program code which makes a computer system
 9
    function with the exception of passwords, access codes, user
    identification, those records specifically exempt from
10
    inspection or any other mechanism for controlling the security
```

26

28

29

6

8

9

10

11

13

17

19

20

27

3

or restricting access to public records in the agency's computer 13 system. The term includes the operating system, application 14 programs, procedures, routines and subroutines such as translators and utility programs. The term does not include that material which is prohibited from disclosure or copying by a 16 17 license agreement between a public agency and an outside entity which supplied the material to the agency. 19 "Terrorist act." A criminal act intended to intimidate or 20 coerce an agency or all or part of the civilian population, to 21 disrupt a public system of any kind or to cause massive destruction.

Section 104. Construction. Nothing in this act is intended to modify, rescind or supersede any public record retention and disposition schedule established pursuant to law.

CHAPTER 3

ACCESS TO PUBLIC RECORDS

Section 301. Procedure for access to public records.

30 (a) General rule. -- Unless otherwise provided by law, a 20070H0443B0813 - 8 -

public record shall be accessible for inspection and duplication by a requester in accordance with this act. A public record shall be provided to a requester in the medium requested if the public record exists in that medium, otherwise it shall be provided in the medium in which it exists. Public records shall be available for access during the regular business hours of an agency. The following apply:

(1) For Commonwealth agencies a written request may be made directly to the office.

For non-Commonwealth agencies a written request may be made directly to the non-Commonwealth agency. A denial of the request may be appealed as provided in section 502.

(b) Requests. -- An agency may fulfill verbal requests for access to records and anonymous requests for access to records. In the event that the requester wishes to pursue the relief and remedies provided for in this act, the requester must initiate the relief with a written request.

(c) Written requests. -- A written request for access to records may be submitted in person, by mail, by facsimile or, to the extent provided by agency rules, by any other electronic means. A written request shall be addressed to the agency head or other person designated in the rules established by the agency. A written request should identify or describe the records sought with sufficient specificity to enable the agency to ascertain which records are being requested and shall include the name and address to which the agency should address its response. A written request need not include any explanation of the requester's reason for requesting or intended use of the records except as provided by this act. The written request must be specific enough so as not to be overly broad or burdensome or 20070H0443B0813

to be clearly harassing or of no legitimate purpose.

(d) Electronic access. -- In addition to the requirements of subsection (a), an agency may make its public records available through any publicly accessible electronic means. If access to a public record is routinely available by an agency only by electronic means, the agency shall provide access to inspect the public record at an office of the agency.

(e) Creation of a public record. --When responding to a request for access, an agency shall not be required to create a public record which does not currently exist or to compile,

3

4

5

6

7

```
maintain, format or organize a public record in a manner in
   which the agency does not currently compile, maintain, format or
   organize the public record. This provision does not apply to
   public records stored electronically that can be compiled,
15
   maintained, formatted or organized in a manner requested by a
   requester without placing an unreasonable burden upon an agency.
17
       (f) Conversion of an electronic record to paper.--If a
   public record is only maintained electronically or in other
   nonpaper media, an agency shall, upon request, duplicate the
   public record on paper when responding to a request for access
21
   in accordance with this act.
    Section 302. Access generally.
       A public record shall be made accessible for inspection and
24
    copying by any person in accordance with this act unless
    otherwise provided by Federal or State law. The burden shall be
    on the agency to show that specific information may not be
27
    accessed or that a public record is exempt from access by law.
28
    Section 303. Exceptions.
29
       (a) Enumerated exemptions. -- A public record does not include
    any of the following:
30
20070H0443B0813
                                 - 10 -
           (1) Any record the disclosure of which is prohibited by
 2
       Federal or State statute, including records the access to
 3
4
       which would result in the loss of Federal funds by an agency.
            (2) Records that reflect an individual's medical history
 5
       or disability status, including evaluation, diagnosis or
 6
       treatment. This paragraph does not relate to autopsy records
 7
       or other official records of the coroner.
 8
            (3) That part of a record that lists an individual's
 9
       Social Security number, driver's license number or financial
10
       account number.
11
               That part of a record that lists a nonelected public
12
       employee's home telephone number or home address, unless the
13
       public interest in disclosure outweighs the individual's
14
       privacy interest in the information.
15
            (5) Information regarding discipline, demotion or
16
       discharge contained in an agency's personnel files, except
17
       that the status of any disciplinary proceeding against a
18
       public official or public employee and the disciplinary
19
       action taken, if any, shall be accessible.
20
            (6) (i) Records that, if disclosed, would endanger the
21
           life or safety of any person or the disclosure of which
22
           would create a substantial likelihood of endangering
23
           public safety or the physical security of any building, infrastructure facility or information storage system.
24
25
                (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph
26
           (i):
27
28
               (A) Simple floor plans showing spatial arrangements of buildings are public records.
29
```

(B) Information relating to the general adoption of security plans and arrangements and budgetary

20070H0443B0813 - 11 information concerning the authorization of public funds to implement public security plans and arrangements, or for the construction, renovation or repair of public buildings and infrastructure facilities are public records.

If an agency denies a record under this paragraph, it must provide a general description of the record being withheld and how disclosure of the record would endanger the life or safety of any

```
9
             (12) Records that are trade secrets, as that term is
        defined in 12 Pa.C.S. \S 5302 (relating to definitions), submitted to an agency by a commercial enterprise and which,
10
11
12
13
        if disclosed, would cause substantial injury to the
        competitive position of the subject enterprise. The
14
        commercial enterprise submitting the information must provide
15
        a written claim that the information contains trade secrets
16
        regarding the enterprise and a concise statement of the
17
        reasons supporting the claim. The claim shall be construed as
18
        a public record for purposes of this act.
19
             (13) Notes that are personally prepared by a public
20
        official or public employee when the notes are used solely
21
        for that official's or employee's own personal use as an aid
22
        to memory.
23
             (14)
                        Information that would result in the
24
25
            disclosure of the name of a donor or a prospective donor
            to an agency, provided that all of the following apply:

(A) The agency either is a public institution of
26
                 higher education or is primarily engaged in
27
28
                 educational, charitable or artistic endeavors.
29
                          The donor requests anonymity in writing.
30
                           The agency has no regulatory or legislative
20070H0443B0813
                                     - 14 -
 12
                 authority over the donor, a member of the donor's
                 immediate family or any entity owned or controlled by
 3
                 the donor or the donor's immediate family.
 4
                 (ii) Information regarding the terms, conditions,
 5
            restrictions or privileges relating to the donation shall be construed as a public record and shall be made
 6
 7
            available for inspection and copying notwithstanding any
 8
            other provision of this paragraph.
 9
                 (iii) For the purposes of this paragraph, "immediate
10
            family" means a parent, spouse, child, brother, sister or
11
            like relative-in-law.
12
             (15) Unpublished lecture notes, unpublished manuscripts,
13
        creative works in progress and scholarly correspondence, any
14
        of which have been developed, discovered or received by or on
15
        behalf of faculty, staff, employees or students of a public
16
        institution of education.
17
                  (i) Records created by an agency in the process of
18
            investigating a possible violation of statutory or
19
            regulatory law if the release of the records would
20
            identify a confidential source, disclose information made
            confidential by law or court order or disclose an ongoing criminal investigation by law enforcement.

(ii) Subparagraph (i) shall not apply to the following records or information, which shall be
21
22
23
24
25
26
            accessible except where prohibited by law or where the agency can demonstrate that providing access to the
27
            person making the request would endanger another person's
28
            safety, deprive a person of a right to a fair and
29
            impartial trial or hinder the agency's ability to secure
            an arrest, prosecution or civil or criminal sanction:
20070H0443B0813
                                     - 15 -
                      (A) Initial incident reports, police blotters
 1
 23
                 and similar records that summarize the date, time,
                 place, purpose and cause of services performed by law
 4
                 enforcement agencies or investigative agencies.
 5
                          The date, time, location and nature of a
                 reported crime.
                      (C)
                          The name, sex, age and address of a person
```

8	arrested sited or otherwise sharped with either a
9	arrested, cited or otherwise charged with either a criminal or civil violation; the date, time and
10	location of an arrest or citation; the charge or
11	charges brought against the person; and any documents
12	including warrants, informations, indictments,
13	complaints and notices given or required by law to be
14	given to the person charged.
15 16	(D) The name, sex, age and place of residence of
17	the victim of a crime or regulatory violation. (E) Traffic accident reports and compilations of
18	data derived therefrom.
19	(F) Audio tapes or transcripts of telephone
20	calls or radio transmissions received by emergency
21	dispatch personnel.
22	(17) Records that reflect internal, predecisional
23 24	deliberations by or between agency members, but this exception does not include:
25	(i) Statistical or factual tabulations or data.
26	(ii) Instructions to staff that affect the public.
27	(iii) Final agency policy or determinations.
28	(iv) Completed audits.
29	(v) Documents that are closely connected to or form
30	the basis for the agency decision once the decision has
20070F	H0443B0813 - 16 - been made. For the purposes of this subparagraph, an
2	agency's decision to take no action on a matter shall
3	constitute a decision.
2 3 4 5 6	(18) Documents that are examination questions, scoring
5	keys or answers which are requested prior to the final
6 7	administration of the examination.
8	(19) Minutes of executive sessions and any record of discussions held in executive session, except where
9	authorized and released by the agency or the release of which
10	is ordered by a court.
11	(20) The contents of real estate appraisals or
12 13	engineering or feasibility estimates and evaluations made for or by a State or local agency relative to the acquisition of
14	property, or to prospective public supply and construction
15	contracts, until the property has been acquired or until a
16	contract or option obtained, or until all proceedings or
17	transactions have been terminated or abandoned. The law of
18	eminent domain shall not be affected by this provision.
19 20	(21) Test questions, scoring keys and other examination data used to administer licensing examinations, examinations
21	for employment or academic examination before the exam is
22	given or if it is to be given again.
23	(22) All public records or information the disclosure of
24	which is prohibited by Federal or State law or regulation or
25	which is prohibited or restricted or otherwise made
26 27	confidential by enactment of the General Assembly. (23) Public records the disclosure of which would have a
28	reasonable likelihood of threatening the public safety by
29	exposing a vulnerability in preventing, protecting against,
30	mitigating or responding to a terrorist act and includes a
	10443B0813 - 17 -
1 2	criticality list resulting from consequence and vulnerability assessment; antiterrorism measures and plans, counter-
3	terrorism measures and plans; security and response needs
4	assessment and infrastructure records that expose
5 6	vulnerability.
6	(24) Electronic mail, provided that the electronic mail

9 10

11

17 18

19

20

21

28

29

5

9

10

11

17

18

20

30

does not contain discussion of the spending of public money or the duties and powers of the office, officeholder or

Nondescriptive information. -- Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a)(1), (2) and (14), access to information that does not identify any particular individual or business entity shall be disclosed.

(c) Agency discretion. -- An agency may exercise its discretion to make any public record enumerated under subsection (a) accessible for inspection and copying if:

(1) disclosure of that public record is not expressly prohibited by Federal or State law; and

(2) the governing body, agency head or designee with custody and control of the record determines that the public interest favoring access outweighs the individual or agency interest favoring restriction of access.

(d) Strict construction of exceptions. -- The General Assembly finds and declares that the basic policy is that free and open examination of public records is in the public interest and the exceptions provided for by this act or otherwise provided by law shall be strictly construed, even though the examination may cause inconvenience or embarrassment to public officials or others.

(e) Exception limitation.--Any record that is determined to 443B0813 - 18 -20070Н0443В0813

be excepted from disclosure shall only be excepted as to the contents of the record and not as to any spending of public funds related to the record; for example, telephone bills may be exempt as to who was called and how long but shall not be exempt as to the cost of the call.

Section 304. Denial based on intended use prohibited.

An agency may not deny a requester access to a public record due to the intended use of the public record by the requester. Section 305. Redaction.

If an agency determines that a public record contains information which is subject to access as well as information which is not subject to access, the agency's response shall grant access to the information which is subject to access and deny access to the information which is not subject to access. If the information which is not subject to access is an integral part of the public record and cannot be separated, the agency shall redact from the public record the information which is not subject to access, and the response shall grant access to the information which is subject to access. The agency may not deny access to the public record if the information which is not subject to access is able to be redacted. Information which an agency redacts in accordance with this section shall be deemed a denial.

Section 306. Commonwealth Office of Access to Public Records.

(a) General rule. -- Upon receipt of a written request for access to a record, the OATR shall make a good faith effort to determine if the record requested is a public record and to respond as promptly as possible under the circumstances existing at the time of the request but, except as set forth in subsection (b), not more than 20 business days from the date the - 19 -20070H0443B0813

written request is received by the OATR head or other person designated by the OATR for receiving requests. If the OATR fails 3 to send a response within 20 business days of receipt of the written request for access, the written request for access shall 5 be deemed denied.

6 (b) Extensions.--7 Upon receipt of a written request for access, the 8 time period under subsection (a) may be extended if the OATR 9 determines that one of the following applies: 10 (i) The request for access requires redaction of a 11 public record in accordance with this act. 12 (ii) The request for access requires the retrieval 13 of a record stored in a remote location. 14 (iii) A timely response to the request for access 15 cannot be accomplished due to bona fide and specified 16 staffing limitations. 17 (iv) A legal review is necessary to determine 18 whether the record is a public record subject to access 19 under this act. (v) The requester has not complied with the OATR's 20 21 policies regarding access to public records. 22 (vi) The requester refuses to pay applicable fees 23 authorized by this act. 24 (2) The OATR shall send written notice to the requester 25 within 20 business days of the OATR's receipt of the request for access. The notice shall include a statement notifying 26 27 the requester that the request for access is being reviewed, 28 the reason for the review and a reasonable date that a 29 30 response is expected to be provided. If the date that a response is expected to be provided is in excess of 30 days, 20070H0443B0813 - 20 following the 20 business days allowed for in subsection (a), 1 23 the request for access shall be deemed denied. (c) Denial.--If the OATR's response is a denial of a written 4 request for access, whether in whole or in part, a written 5 response shall be issued and include: 6 A description of the record requested. 7 The specific reasons for the denial, including a 8 citation of supporting legal authority. If the denial is the 9 result of a determination that the record requested is not a public record, the specific reasons for the OATR's 10 11 determination that the record is not a public record shall be 12 included. 13 The typed or printed name, title, business address, business telephone number and signature of the public 14 15 official or public employee on whose authority the denial is 16 issued. 17 (4) Date of the response. 18 (5) The procedure to appeal the denial of access under 19 this act. 20 (d) Certified copies. -- All Commonwealth agencies shall 21 respond to all requests for information or documents from the OATR within ten business days from the date the requests are received and registered. All shall establish a procedure, if one does not currently exist, for recording the date and time the request from OATR is received. This procedure shall include, at 25 a minimum, a procedure for marking the date and time of receipt on the face of the request and for filing and maintaining each 26 27 28 request for a period of not less than five years. 29 Section 307. Non-Commonwealth agency's response to written requests for access. 30 20070H0443B0813 - 21 -(a) General rule. -- Upon receipt of a written request for access to a record, a non-Commonwealth agency shall make a good

11 of 18 8/10/07 2:42 PM

faith effort to determine if the record requested is a public

record and to respond as promptly as possible under the

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10 11

12

13

15

16 17

18 19

20

21 22

23

24

25 26

27

28

29

```
circumstances existing at the time of the request but, except as
   provided under subsection (b), not more than ten business days
 7
   from the date the written request is received by the non-
   Commonwealth agency head or other person designated in the rules
   established by the non-Commonwealth agency for receiving
   requests. If the non-Commonwealth agency fails to send the
10
11
   response within ten business days of receipt of the written
    request for access, the written request for access shall be
13
   deemed denied.
14
       (b) Extensions.--
15
               Upon receipt of a written request for access, the
           (1)
16
       time period under subsection (a) may be extended if a non-
17
       Commonwealth agency determines that one of the following
18
       applies:
```

(i) The request for access requires redaction of a public record in accordance with this act.

(ii) The request for access requires the retrieval of a record stored in a remote location.

(iii) A timely response to the request for access cannot be accomplished due to bona fide and specified staffing limitations.

(iv) A legal review is necessary to determine whether the record is a public record subject to access under this act.

(v) The requester has not complied with the non-Commonwealth agency's policies regarding access to public 20070H0443B0813 - 22 -

records.

- The requester refuses to pay applicable fees (vi) authorized by this act.
- The non-Commonwealth agency shall send written notice to the requester within five business days of the non-Commonwealth agency's receipt of the request notifying the requester that the request for access is being reviewed, the reason for the review and a reasonable date that a response is expected to be provided. If the date that a response is expected to be provided is in excess of 30 days following the ten business days allowed in subsection (a), the request for access shall be deemed denied.
- (c) Denial.--If a non-Commonwealth agency's response is a denial of a written request for access, whether in whole or in part, a written response shall be issued and include:

(1) A description of the record requested.

- (2) The specific reasons for the denial, including a citation of supporting legal authority. If the denial is the result of a determination that the record requested is not a public record, the specific reasons for the agency's determination that the record is not a public record shall be included.
- (3) The typed or printed name, title, business address, business telephone number and signature of the public official or public employee on whose authority the denial is issued.
 - (4) Date of the response.
- The procedure to appeal the denial of access under (5) this act.
- 30 (d) Certified copies. -- If a non-Commonwealth agency's - 23 -20070H0443B0813

response grants a request for access, the non-Commonwealth agency shall, upon request, provide the requester with a certified copy of the public record if the requester pays the

```
applicable fees pursuant to this act.
 5
                                CHAPTER 5
 6
                   OFFICE OF ACCESS TO PUBLIC RECORDS
 7
    Section 501. Office of Access to Public Records.
 8
       (a) Establishment. -- The Office of Access to Public Records
 9
    is hereby established as an independent administrative agency.
10
    The Governor shall, subject to the advice and consent of the
    Senate and House of Representatives, appoint an executive
    director of the office who shall hire other staff as necessary
   to operate the office.
           Powers and duties. -- The office shall have the following
    powers and duties:
15
16
           (1) To receive and respond to requests for information
17
       from Commonwealth agencies pursuant to this act from the
18
       public and from other agencies.
19
           (2) To request information from Commonwealth agencies
20
       and non-Commonwealth agencies.
21
           (3) To guide and oversee the compliance with this act by
22
       all Commonwealth and non-Commonwealth agencies.
23
           (4) To provide a list of Federal and State laws that
24
       exempt certain types of records from disclosure.
25
           (5) To make its written decisions available for review.
26
           (6) To conduct training for public officials, public
27
28
       employees and third parties relating to this Commonwealth's
       access laws.
29
           (7) To annually report on its activities and findings
30
       regarding this act, including recommendations for changes in
20070H0443B0813
                                 - 24 -
       the law, to the Governor and the General Assembly.
 1
 2
       (c) Fees.--
 3
                The office may impose a reasonable filing fee for an
 4
       appeal made under section 502, and any fees collected under
 5
       this subsection shall be deposited in a restricted account in
 6
       the General Fund which is hereby established for the office.
 7
       The money from this account shall be appropriated as
 8
       necessary for the operation of the office.
 9
           (2) The agency may waive the filing fee if the person
10
       requesting access to the public record is unable to afford
11
       the fee based on guidelines established by the office.
12
    Section 502. Appeals.
13
       (a) Administrative appeal to office. --
14
            (1) A party aggrieved by an agency's denial or deemed
15
       denial may, within 30 days after a request is denied or
16
       deemed denied, appeal to the office by forwarding to the
       office a copy of the request and the written explanation for
17
       the denial, if any, provided by the agency.
18
19
                 (i) Within 20 days after receipt of the appeal, the
20
21
           office shall rule either that the agency's denial or deemed denial of access to the record is upheld or that
22
           the agency's decision to deny access to the record is
23
           overturned, and the agency must provide access to the
24
25
           record. The office may hold a hearing and may review the
           record in camera.
26
                (ii) The 20-day period may be extended by agreement
27
           of the parties. If the parties do not agree to an
28
           extension or the office does not issue a ruling within 20
29
           days after the date of the appeal, the agency's denial
           shall be deemed affirmed.
30
20070H0443B0813
           (3) If the office upholds the agency's decision to deny
 2
       access to the public record, the office shall fully explain
```

30

20070H0443B0813

14 of 18 8/10/07 2:42 PM

then the court shall impose a civil penalty of not less than

\$100 nor more than \$1,000 to be paid into the restricted

- 27 -

account established in the General Fund.

10

19

20

23

3

10

11 12

13

15

16

17

19 20

21

22 23

27

(c) Training. -- Any court may order agency officials and employees to attend mandatory training sessions conducted by the office, which shall include testing on compliance with the law.

(d) Other appeals. -- Costs or attorney fees shall not be awarded under this section for administrative appeal to the office under section 502. Section 702. Immunity.

(a) General rule. -- Except as provided in this act and other statutes governing the release of records, no agency, public official or public employee shall be liable for civil or 16 17 criminal damages or penalties resulting from compliance or failure to comply with this act. 18

(b) Schedules.--No agency, public official or public employee shall be liable for civil or criminal damages or penalties under this act for complying with any written public record retention and disposition schedule. Section 703. Fee limitations.

(a) Postage. -- Fees for postage may not exceed the actual cost of mailing.

(b) Duplication. -- Fees for duplication by photocopying, 27 printing from electronic media or microfilm, copying onto electronic media, transmission by facsimile or other electronic means and other means of duplication must be reasonable and based on prevailing fees for comparable duplication services 30 20070H0443B0813 - 28 -

provided by local copying services.

(c) Certification. -- An agency may impose reasonable fees for official certification of copies if the certification is at the behest of the requester and for the purpose of legally verifying the public record.

(d) Conversion to paper. -- If a public record is only maintained electronically or in other nonpaper media, duplication fees shall be limited to the lesser of the fee for duplication on paper or the fee for duplication in the native media as provided by subsection (b) unless the requester specifically requests for the public record to be duplicated in the more expensive medium.

(e) Enhanced electronic access. -- If an agency offers enhanced electronic access to public records in addition to making the public records accessible for inspection and duplication by a requester as required by this act, the agency may establish user fees specifically for the provision of the enhanced electronic access, but only to the extent that the enhanced electronic access is in addition to making the public records accessible for inspection and duplication by a requester as required by this act. The user fees for enhanced electronic access may be a flat rate, a subscription fee for a period of time, a per-transaction fee, a fee based on the cumulative time 24 of system access or any other reasonable method and any 25 combination thereof. The user fees for enhanced electronic 26 access must be reasonable and may not be established with the intent or effect of excluding persons from access to public 28 records or duplicates thereof or of creating profit for the 29 agency.

(f) Waiver of fees. -- An agency may waive the fees for 30 20070н0443в0813

4

5

6

7

15

18 19

26

27

2

3

4

5

10

11

12

13

14 15 16

17

18

19

20

21 22

23

24

25

26

27

28

duplication of a public record, including, but not limited to, 2 when:

the requester duplicates the public record; or

the agency deems it is in the public interest to do SO.

Limitations. -- Except as otherwise provided by statute, no other fee may be imposed unless the agency necessarily incurs costs for complying with the request, and the fee must be reasonable. No fee may be imposed for an agency's review of a 10 record to determine whether the record is a public record subject to access in accordance with this act. No fee relating to any search for records may be imposed unless the required search places an unreasonable burden upon agency employees and the agency can establish and itemize its costs for complying with the request, and the fee must be reasonable.

(h) Prepayment. -- Prior to granting a request for access in accordance with this act, an agency may require a requester to prepay an estimate of the fees authorized under this section if the fees required to fulfill the request are expected to exceed

20 \$100. 21

Section 704. Implementation.

(a) Requirement. -- An agency shall establish written policies and may promulgate regulations necessary to implement this act.

(b) Content. -- The written policies shall include the name of the office to which requests for access shall be addressed and a list of applicable fees.

(c) Prohibition. -- A policy or regulation may not include any of the following:

28 29 (1) A limitation on the number of public records which may be requested or made available for inspection or 30 20070H0443B0813 - 30 -

duplication.

(2) A requirement to disclose the purpose or motive in requesting access to records which are public records.

Posting. -- The policies shall be conspicuously posted at the agency and may be made available by electronic means. Section 705. Practice and procedure.

The provisions of 2 Pa.C.S. (relating to administrative law and procedure) shall not apply to this act. Section 706. Commercial purposes.

It shall be unlawful for a person to obtain a copy of any part of a public record for a:

(1) Commercial purpose, without stating the commercial purpose, if a certified statement from the requester was

required by the public agency.

(2) Commercial purpose, if the person uses or knowingly allows the use of the public record for a different

commercial purpose.

(3) Noncommercial purpose, if the person uses or knowingly allows the use of the public record for a commercial purpose. A newspaper, periodical, radio or television station shall not be held to have used or knowingly allowed the use of the public record for a commercial purpose merely because of its publication or broadcast.

Section 707. Damages recoverable by public agency for person's misuse of public records.

A person who misuses a public record shall be liable to the agency from which the public records were obtained for damages in the amount of all of the following:

(1)Three times the amount that would have been charged

```
- 31 -
20070H0443B0813
       for the public record if the actual commercial purpose for
       which it was obtained or used has been stated.
 3
                 Costs and reasonable attorney fees. Any other penalty established by law.
 4
 5
    Section 708. Agency to adopt rules and regulations.
            General rule. -- Each agency shall adopt rules and
    regulations in conformity with the provisions of this act to
    provide full access to public records, to protect public records
    from damage and disorganization, to prevent excessive disruption
    of its essential functions, to provide assistance and
10
    information upon request and to ensure efficient and timely
    action in response to application for inspection. The rules and
13
    regulations shall include, but shall not be limited to:
            (1) The principal office of the agency and its regular
14
15
       office hours.
16
            (2) The title and address of the official custodian of
17
       the agency's records.
18
            (3) The fees, to the extent authorized by this act or
19
       other statute, charged for copies.
20
            (4) The procedures to be followed in requesting public
21
       records.
22
        (b) Display. -- Each agency shall display a copy of its rules
    and regulations pertaining to public records in a prominent
    location accessible to the public.
        (c) Uniformity.—The OATR may promulgate uniform rules and
    regulations in accordance with this act for all Commonwealth and
    non-Commonwealth agencies and all other persons and entities
    subject to this act.
29
    Section 709. Access to personal record.
30
       Any person shall have access to any public record relating to
20070H0443B0813
                                   - 32 -
    the person, or in which the person is mentioned by name, upon
    presentation of appropriate identification, subject to the
    provisions of this act.
    Section 710. Prohibition against destruction or damage of
                    records.
        (a) Prohibition.--All records are the property of the agency
    concerned and shall not be removed, destroyed, mutilated,
    transferred or otherwise damaged or disposed of, in whole or in
    part, except as provided by law or under the rules adopted by
10
    the office. Records shall be delivered by outgoing officials and
    employees to their successors and shall not be otherwise
11
    removed, transferred or destroyed unlawfully.

(b) Civil action.—Any person who is aggrieved by the removal, destruction, mutilation, or transfer of or by other
13
14
    damage to or dispostion of a record in violation of subsection
15
    (a), or by threat of removal, destruction, mutilation, transfer or other damage to or dispositon of a record may commence either
    or both of the following in the court of common pleas of the
19
    county in which subsection (a) allegedly was violated or is
20
    threatened to be violated:
21
            (1) A civil action for injunctive relief to compel
22
       compliance with subsection (a) and to obtain an award of the
23
       reasonable attorney fees incurred by the person in the civil
24
```

of \$1,000 for each violation and to obtain an award of the reasonable attorney fees incurred by the person in the civil

A civil action to recover a forfeiture in the amount

28

25

26

27

action.

Section 711. Laws prohibiting the destruction of records.

```
If any law prohibits the destruction of a record, then an
20070H0443B0813
                                 - 33 -
 1 agency shall not order its destruction or other disposition. If
 23
    any law provides that a record shall be kept for a specified
   period of time, then an agency shall not order its destruction
    or other disposition prior to the expiration of that period.
    Section 712. Replevin of public records unlawfully removed.
 6
       Any public record which has been unlawfully transferred or
 7
    removed in violation of this act or otherwise transferred or
    removed unlawfully is subject to replevin by the Attorney
   General upon request of the office. The record shall be returned
   to the agency of origin and safequards shall be established to
10
    prevent further recurrence of unlawful transfer or removal.
11
    Section 713. Authority not restricted.
       The provisions of this act shall not impair or restrict the
13
    authority given by other statutes over the creation of records, systems, forms, procedures or the control over purchases of
14
15
16
    equipment by agencies.
    Section 714. Internet.
17
18
       All agencies shall make all budgets, expense accounts, grants
19
    and other records related to the expenditure of public funds
20
    available on the Internet without a fee or charge.
21
                                CHAPTER 21
22
23
                         MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
    Section 2101. Repeals.
       (a) Intent.--The General Assembly declares that the repeal
24
25
   under subsection (b) is necessary to effectuate the provisions
26
27
    of this act.
       (b) Provision. -- The act of June 21, 1957 (P.L. 390, No. 212),
28
    referred to as the Right-to-Know Law, is repealed.
    Section 2102. Effective date.
30
       This act shall take effect in 60 days.
B8L02JS/20070H0443B0813
```